SOURCING FOR RESEARCH FUNDING

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Presentation Outline

- What is a research grant?
- Types/Forms of research grants
- Why apply for a grant?
- How to source for research grants?
- Research funding agencies
- Overcoming funders antipathy
- **❖** Where are we with research grants in UB?

WHAT IS A RESEARCH GRANT?

 "A grant is a MECHANISM by which a funding agency awards MONEY to fund a specific research study or other activity, such as an educational program, service program, demonstration, or research project."

What is a Grant?.....

 A Grant is a conditional gift or a conveyance of funds with strings attached.

 The funding source identifies the problem they want addressed, but no outcome is known.

 The idea on how to solve the problem originates with the grantee.

Types of Grants.....(I)

- Small to medium size grants
 - Best for beginners such as graduates, postdocs, fellowships
 - Substantial Track record/ experience not compulsory
 - Usually awarded by NGOs, charity organizations, Govts
 - E.g IFS, TDR/WHO

- Large grants
 - Large in volume & complexities
 - Research credibility crucial
 - Multidisciplinary studies highly solicited
 - Networking/collaboration
 - Eg Carnegie Foundation,
 WHO, NIH, EU, EDCTP,
 DAAD, Bill & Melinda
 Gates Foundation etc

Types of Grants.....(II)

- Scholarships
- -Fellowships/Residencies
- Curriculum Development
- -Infrastructure/Equipment
- Endowments
- -Travel/Conference Grant etc

There is something for Everyone

Why apply for a grant? (I)

Advance scientific knowledge in your field AND advance your professional career.

A grant means that experts in the field acknowledge your idea as important and worthy of public or private support.

❖A grant means an enhanced prestige of your institution.

Why apply for a grant? (II)

 A grant means a contribution to the financial health of your department, school/faculty or institution

 A grant means new opportunities for your research collaborators/assistants.

 A grant means a newly funded program that otherwise can be too expensive for your institution to support and implement

Why start now?

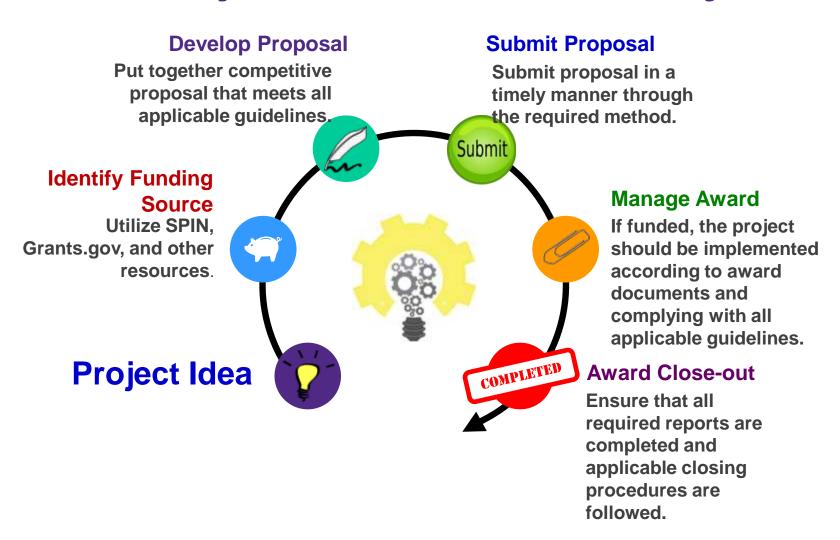
Grant writing is an important part of your professional growth strategy.

- It should become a long-term plan for your professional growth and development:
 - Build individual credentials
 - Build a track record of funding
 - Work on teams with more experienced researchers
 - Develop a plan for long-term personal development

Funding = Your interest + The interests of a Funding Agency

 No matter how good your idea and how well-written your proposal is, if the agency to which you are applying is not interested in your project, you will not be funded! Even the best idea will not be funded unless it matches the interest of a funding agency. Competitive ideas must reflect both contemporary thought in a field and the interests of an agency"

Life Cycle of a Funded Project



Grantmanship Process

Develop an Idea

Identify Funding Source

Prepare & Submit Grant Application

Await Outcome

How do I get a grant? (I)

- Source from potential funding agencies (funding databases) and these include:
 - Advertisements in mass media
 - Professional/institutional newsletters
 - Acknowledgements in articles/presentations
 - Colleagues
 - Networks
 - Research Offices
 - Internet Sources (search engines, computerized databases, professional websites etc)

Never limit search to one source as a beginner

How do I get a grant? (II)

Some Funders include:

- The grantsmanship Centre www.tgci.com
- **Te Foundation Centre www.fdncenter.org**
- Guidestar www.guidestar.org
- Grants Net www.os.dhhs.gov/grants/index.shtml
- Grants.gov
- ResearchAfrica.Net
- WHO/TDR, NIH, CDC, MRC, Wellcome Trust, DAAD, Volkswagen, Bill & Melinda Gates foundation, MMVI etc

Contact Funders

- Ask for details/guidelines and technical assistance
- Inquire about the review process
- For huge grants always ask for guidance on how to develop the budget – very critical

Usually call for grant applications are very competitive and so your proposal must comply with the interest of the funding agency and be Innovative!!!

Identifying Funding Sources

- Match objectives (research interests, personal interest & competences)
- Career Phase
- Gender
- **Ethnicity**
- Geographical Location

Issues to ponder upon before considering a grant application

Some Characteristics of Well-written, Fundable Proposals

- Innovation
- Relevance
- Demonstrated Competence/expertise of PI
- Feasibility study has been done
- Time Schedule
- Enthusiasm
- Simple Straightforward Language
- Complete and contemporary Literature Search

Keys to Success





- Looking for new solutions to old problems
- How do you create creativity?



- Calling the Grant Officer is the most important element
 - 85% of all successful grant seekers have had contact with the program/grant officer of the funding agency

Overcoming Funders Antipathy

- Funding track record
- Visibility to the scientific community publication record

- Collaborations (South-South; North-South)
- Networks membership

Institutional email address- yahoo.com xxx

Where do we stand in UB (I)

Although over the years the number of externally funded grants have exponentially increased, we need to ask ourselves some pertinent questions:

What is our grantsmanship Quotient? (UB/Faculty/School/Departments)

How do we compare with other institutions nationally, regionally, continentally and internationally?

Where do we stand in UB (II)

How can we install & improve a culture of grant hunting?

What platform should we put in place to facilitate this?

What are the responsibilities on the part of administration and staff?

THANK YOU?

